

ΓΝΩΘΙ ΜΑΘΩΝ

Μία ένιαύσιος πορεία έκφαίνουσα τὴν διὰ τῶν αἰώνων ἀδιάλειπτον συνέχειαν τοῦ ἀρχαίου ελληνικοῦ κόσμου!

**TO KNOW DEEPLY IS
TO UNDERSTAND FULLY**

A year-long journey revealing the timeless magic of the ancient Greek world!



**ΗΜΕΡΟΛΟΓΙΟΝ
CALENDAR**



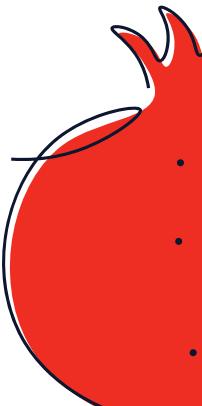
ΕΥΧΟΜΕΘΑ ΥΜΙΝ ΕΥΤΥΧΕΣ ΚΑΙ ΕΥΗΜΕΡΟΥΝ 2025!

WE WISH YOU A HAPPY
AND PROSPEROUS 2025!

 "Εγνως;
Did you know?

 Γνωμικόν
Dictum

 Ό μήν, ἐν τοῖς ἀρχαίοις ἐλέγετο
The month, as known in ancient times
/Προφορά/
/Pronunciation/



"Όπως ένιαυτὸν ἀνακαλύψητε σοφίᾳ ἀειχρόνῳ τῆς
ἀρχαίας Ἑλλάδος, διερευνᾶτε τὰς ιδιαιτέρας ἑορτὰς
ἔκαστου μηνός.

Ἄσπαζεσθε τὸν πλοῦτον τῶν ἀρχαίων ἔθῶν, ώς
πορεύησθε ἐτησίως καὶ συνάπτητε τὸ παρελθόν μετὰ
τοῦ παρόντος διὰ τῆς δημιουργικῆς ἐνσωματώσεως
αὐτῶν ἐν τῇ καθημερινῇ ζωῇ ὑμῶν.

"Ἐστω ὁ ἔνιαυτὸς ὑμῶν πλήρης χαρμοσύνων ἑορτῶν
καὶ εὐδαιμονίας!

May you navigate the year with the timeless wisdom
of ancient Greece, exploring the unique celebrations
each month has to offer.

Embrace the richness of these ancient traditions as
you embark on your year-long journey. Blend the
past with the present by incorporating them into
your everyday lives with a modern and creative twist.

May your year be filled with joyous festivities and
a touch of ancient magic!

IANOYARIOΣ / JANUARY

Διονύσια
Dionysia



Τὰ Διονύσια (ιερὰ) έορτὴ ἀνατιθεμένη τῷ θεῷ Διονύσῳ, τῷ θεῷ τοῦ οἴνου, ἦν ὁ ἀκρογωνιαῖος λίθος, αἱ κρηπῖδες τοῦ ἀρχαίου Ἑλληνικοῦ πολιτισμοῦ. Ἐν δὲ ταύτῃ τῇ έορτῇ ἐγίγνοντο δραματικοὶ ἀγῶνες ἐπιδεικνύντων τῶν ποιητῶν τὰ αὐτῶν δράματα, θέντων τε τὰ τοῦ ἔως καὶ νῦν ζῶντος θεάτρου θεμέλια.

The Dionysia festival, dedicated to Dionysus, the god of wine, was a cornerstone of ancient Greek culture. It featured dramatic performances and competitions, setting stage for the evolution of theater as we know it today.

“Ἐν μόνον ἀγαθόν ἔστιν, ἡ ἐπιστήμη, καὶ ἐν μόνον κακόν, ἡ ἀμαθία. Σωκράτης”

There is only one good, knowledge, and one evil, ignorance. Socrates

ΓΑΜΗΛΙΩΝ
/ga.mɛ:.li.'o:n/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Γαμήλιων», δι’ ἣς οἱ Αθηναῖοι ἐτίμων τὸν Ιερὸν Γάμον τοῦ Διὸς καὶ τῆς Ἡρας. / Gamelia, the wedding feast to celebrate the marriage of Zeus and Hera.

K	Δ	T	T	Π	Π	Σ
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
29	30	31	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	1

1 Πρωτοχρονία / New Year's Day

6 Θεοφάνεια / Epiphany

24 Ημέρα Παιδείας / Education Day

ΦΕΒΡΟΥΑΡΙΟΣ / FEBRUARY

Άνθεστήρια Anthesteria



Τὰ Άνθεστήρια (ιερὰ) ἦν ἑορτὴ ἀγομένη μηνὶ Ανθεστηριῶν. Ἐπειδὴ δὲ ἡ γῆ τότε ἀρχεται τοῦ ἀνθεῖν, οἱ Αθηναῖοι ἐτίμων τὸν τε Διόνυσον καὶ τὴν τῶν ἀνθέων ὥρα, τὸ λαμπτρὸν ἔαρ. Ἕγον δὲ ταύτην τὴν τοῦ ἔαρος ἑορτὴν ἀποσπένδοντες τῷ θεῷ ἐκ τοῦ νέου οἴνου καὶ πομπαῖς λαμπραῖς τε θυσίαις ἐπήνουν τὸ τοῦ θεοῦ σωτήριον δῶρον καὶ τὸ τῆς φύσεως ἔξιον κάλλος.

Anthesteria was an ancient festival celebrating the arrival of spring, honouring Dionysus and the season's blooming flowers. In Ancient Athens, this event was marked by vibrant feasts and a deep appreciation for the beauty of nature.



Oι πεπαιδευμένοι καθάπερ οἱ ἐκ παλαίστρας, κὰν πέσωσι ταχέως καὶ ἐπιδεξίως ἐκ τῆς ἀτυχίας ἀνίστανται. Πυθαγόρας

Those who have education, like wrestlers, can – even after a fall – quickly and skillfully rise again from misfortune.
Pythagoras



ΑΝΘΕΣΤΗΡΙΩΝ */anth'esté:ri.'o:n/*

Προσεδέχοντο τὸ ἔαρ ἑορτάζοντες τὰ «Άνθεστήρια». /
Anthesteria, a celebration welcoming spring.

K	Δ	Τ	Τ	Π	Π	Σ
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
26	27	28	29	30	31	1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	1

- 9 Ημέρα Έλληνικῆς Γλώσσης / Greek Language Day
Ἀρχὴ Τριῳδίου / Beginning of Triodion

ΜΑΡΤΙΟΣ / MARCH

Μαντεῖον ἐν Δελφοῖς Oracle of Delphi



Τοῖς ἀρχαίοις χρόνοις, οἱ πιστοὶ συνέρρεον εἰς τὸ τοῦ ἐν Δελφοῖς ἱερὸν πευσόμενοι τί ἄμεινον σφίσιν ἔσται. Ἐκεῖ δέ, εἰς τὸν ὄμφαλὸν τῆς γῆς, ἡ Πυθία, ἡ τοῦ θεοῦ προφῆτις, ἐδίδου τοὺς χρησμούς τοῦ Φοίβου Απόλλωνος. Οἱ Δελφοὶ οὐμόνον τόπος προφητείας ἦν, ἀλλὰ σοφίας τε καὶ ἐνοράσεως.

In ancient times, pilgrims flocked to the sacred site of Delphi to seek guidance from the Oracle, a revered priestess of Apollo known for her prophetic powers. Delphi was not just a place of prophecy; it was a source of wisdom and spiritual insight.



Μῆδὲν εἶναι μήτε τέχνην ἀνεν μελέτης μήτε μελέτην ἀνεν τέχνης. Πρωταγόρας

Skill means nothing without practice and practice means nothing without skill. Protagoras



ΕΛΑΦΗΒΟΛΙΩΝ /e.la.phε:.vo.li.'o:n/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Ἐλαφηβόλια» δι’ ᾧς ἐτίμων τὴν Ἐλαφηβόλον Ἀρτεμιν. / Elaphebolia, a festival in honour of Artemis Elaphebolos.

K	Δ	Τ	Τ	Π	Π	Σ
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
23	24	25	26	27	28	1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	1	2	3	4	5

③ Καθαρὰ Δευτέρα / Ash Monday

② Ημέρα Ποίησεως / Poetry Day

②5 Ημέρα Έλληνικῆς Άνεξαρτησίας / Greek Independence Day

②7 Ημέρα Θεάτρου / Theatre Day

ΑΠΡΙΛΙΟΣ / APRIL

Όλυμπιακοί Αγώνες Olympic Games



Τα Όλυμπια ιερὰ ήν πενταετηρικοὶ ἀγῶνες, οἱ ἔτελοῦντο ἐν Ὀλυμπίᾳ τῷ Διῷ. Μετεῖχον ἀθληται ἐξ ἀπάσης τῆς Ἑλλάδος, οἵτινες ἐπεδείκνυν ἐπιτηδότητα καὶ ρώμην εἰς τὰ ἀγωνίσματα τοῦ δρόμου, τῆς πάλης, τοῦ παγκρατίου καὶ πολλῶν ἄλλων ἀθλημάτων. Τὸ ἔπαθλον οὐκ ἦν χρήματα, ἀλλὰ στέφανος ἑλαίας, ὃς κότινος ὠνομάζετο.

The Olympic Games, held in Olympia every four years, were a testament to the athletic spirit of ancient Greece. Athletes from across Greece would participate to demonstrate their skill and strength in sports such as running, wrestling, and more, fostering a spirit of excellence and fair play. Winners were not awarded with money, but with a wild olive wreath called a "kotinos".

“**Πειρῶ τῷ μὲν σώματι εἶναι φιλόπονος, τῇ δὲ ψυχῇ φιλόσοφος.** Ισοκράτης

Strive to be diligent with your body, while being a philosopher in your soul. Isocrates

MOYNIXION
/mu:.ny.khi.'o:n/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Μουνίχιων» δι’ ἣς ἐτίμων τὴν Μουνιχίαν Ἀρτεμιν. / Mounichia, a festival in honour of Artemis Mounichia.

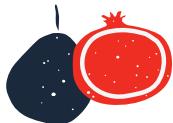
K	Δ	T	T	Π	Π	Σ
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13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	1	2	3

20 Καθολικὸν & Ὁρθόδοξον Πάσχα / Catholic & Orthodox Easter

23 Ημέρα Αγγλικῆς Γλώσσης / English Language Day

ΜΑΪΟΣ / MAY

Θαργήλια Thargelia



Έν τῷ Θαργηλιῶν μηνὶ, οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐπεδείκνυον τὴν ἀνυπέρβλητον αὐτῶν εὐγνωμοσύνην καὶ εὐλάβειαν τοῖς θεοῖς, ἀνατιθέμενοι τῷ Απόλλωνι καὶ τῇ Ἀρτέμιδι τὰς ἀπαρχὰς τῶν καρπῶν. Ἀγοντες δὲ οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι τὰ Θαργήλια (ιερὰ) ηὔχοντο τούτοις τοῖς θεοῖς γενέσθαι αἰτίους τῆς εὐημερίας αὐτῶν.

In the month of Thargelia, the Athenians demonstrated their gratitude and reverence to the gods by dedicating the first fruits of their harvest to Apollo and Artemis. While celebrating the Thargelia, the Athenians fervently prayed to these deities, seeking divine protection and prosperity.

“Οστις νέος ὃν Μονσῶν ἀμελεῖ, τόν τε παρελθόντα ἀπόλωλε χρόνον καὶ τὸν μέλλοντα τέθνηκε. Εὐριπίδης

Whoever neglects the arts when he is young has lost the past and is dead to the future. Euripides



ΘΑΡΓΗΛΙΩΝ /θar.ge:.li.'o:n/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Θαργήλια» δι’ ἣς ἐτίμων τὴν Ἀρτεμίν καὶ τὸν Ἀπόλλωνα. / Thargelia, a festival in honour of Artemis and Apollo.

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18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

- 1 Πρωτομαγιά / Labour Day
9 Ημέρα Ευρώπης / Europe Day

Άφροδίσια

Aphrodisia



Τὰ Άφροδίσια (ιερὰ) ἐτελοῦντο τῇ Άφροδίτῃ. Η Άφροδίτη ἦν θεὰ τοῦ ἔρωτος, τοῦ κάλλους καὶ τῆς εὐγονίας. Οἱ ἀρχαῖοι Ἕλληνες ἐτίμων ἐξόχως τὴν Αφροδίτην τελοῦντες λαμπράς πομπάς, πανηγύρεις, ἑορτάς μετὰ οἰνοποσίας καὶ ἀγώνων χοροῦ. Πάντα δὲ ταῦτα ἔπαινος ἦν τῶν τοῦ βίου ἀγνῶν ἀπολαύσεων καὶ τῆς χαριέσσης ἀνανεώσεως τούτου, τῇ τῆς Άφροδίτης θαυμαστῇ ἐνεργείᾳ.

The Aphrodisia festival was a vibrant celebration in honour of Aphrodite, the goddess of love, beauty, and fertility. Ancient Greeks marked this festival with religious rituals, parades, feasting, music, and dance competitions, all embodying the joys of love and life's renewal.

Οὐ γὰρ ἀργύρῳ καὶ χρυσῷ μακάριον τὸ θεῖον οὐδὲ βρονταῖς καὶ κεραννοῖς ἴσχυρόν, ἀλλ' ἐπιστήμῃ καὶ φρονήσει. Πλούταρχος

God's greatness is not in silver and gold, nor in thunder and lightning but in knowledge and wisdom. Plutarch



ΣΚΙΡΟΦΟΡΙΩΝ

/ski.ro.pho.ri.'o:n/

Από της έορτῆς «Σκιροφόρια» δι' ἡς ἐτίμων τὴν Δήμητρα. / Skirophoria, a festival in honour of Demeter.

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8	9	10	11	12	13	14
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22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5

① Ήμέρα Γονέων / Parents' Day

Παναθήναια

Panathenea



Τὰ Παναθήναια ἦν ἡ σπουδαιοτέρα τῶν ἐν Αθήναις ἔορτῶν καὶ ἐτελεῖτο τῇ θεῷ Αθηνᾶ. Πανηγύρεις, πομπαί, δραματικοί τε καὶ ἀθλητικοί ἀγῶνες ἐπεδείκνυον τὴν τῶν Αθηναίων εὐλάβειαν τῇ πολιούχῳ αὐτῶν θεῷ. Τοῖς δὲ νικήσασι ἐδίδουν ἔλαιον ἐκ τῶν ιερῶν μοριῶν.

Panathenea was the most magnificent annual festival in ancient Athens, held in honour of the goddess Athena. This grand celebration was marked by ceremonial feasts, a majestic procession, athletic contests, and theatrical performances, all reflecting the Athenians' profound devotion to their patron goddess. Victorious participants were awarded sacred olive oil from revered holy olive trees.



*Οὐτε τέχνη οὔτε σοφίη ἐφικτὸν ἦν μὴ μάθη τις.
Δημόκριτος*

Neither skill nor wisdom can be achieved without learning. Democritus



ΕΚΑΤΟΜΒΑΙΩΝ

/he.ka.tom.ve.'o:n/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Ἐκατόμβαια» δι’ ἣς ἐτίμων θυσίαις βιών τὸν Δία καὶ τὸν Ἀπόλλωνα. / Hekatombaia, a festival during which they honoured Zeus and Apollo by sacrificing cattle.

K	Δ	Τ	Τ	Π	Π	Σ
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29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	1	2

30

Ημέρα Φιλίας / Friendship Day

ΑΥΓΟΥΣΤΟΣ / AUGUST

Νέμεα Αγώνες Nemean Games



Τὸν ἀγῶνα τῶν Νεμέων ὑφ' Ἡρακλέους τεθεῖσθαι φασιν ἐπὶ τῇ τοῦ λέοντος ἀναυρέσει καὶ ἀναθέσθαι τῷ Νεμεαίῳ Διἱ. Οἱ ἀγῶνες, ἵππικοί τε καὶ γυμνικοί, ἥγοντο ἐν Νεμέᾳ καὶ ἦσαν ἀγῶνες τριετηρικοί. Ό δὲ στέφανος τῶν νικητῶν ἐκ χλωρῶν ἐπλέκετο σελίνων.

The Nemean Games, a renowned Panhellenic sporting event, was said to be established by Heracles in honour of Zeus. Held in Nemea every two years, these games were a spectacle of physical prowess and skill, featuring events like horse racing, wrestling, discus and spear throwing, archery, and even musical contests. The victors were crowned with wreaths made of wild celery.

Όλβιος ὅστις ιστορίης ἔσχε μάθησιν. Εύριπιδης
Happy is one who has learned from history. Euripides

ΜΕΤΑΓΕΙΤΝΙΩΝ */me.ta.ji.tni'on/*

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Μεταγείτνια» δι’ ἣς ἐτίμων τὸν Μεταγείτνιον Ἀπόλλωνα. / Metageitnia, a festival in honour of Apollo – the god who protected the arrival and departure of neighbours to one's house.

K	Δ	T	T	Π	Π	Σ
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
27	28	29	30	31	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	1	2	3	4	5	6

Κοίμησις Θεοτόκου / Assumption Day

Ημέρα Ανθρωπισμού / Humanitarian Day

ΣΕΠΤΕΜΒΡΙΟΣ / SEPTEMBER

Ἐλευσίνια Μυστήρια Eleusinian Mysteries



Τοῦ δὲ μετοπώρου προσιόντος φραζόμεθα τὰ ἐν Ἐλευσῖνι Μυστήρια, τὴν τῇ Δῆμητρι ἀνατιθεμένην ἔξαίρετον ἑορτὴν, ἵνα πάντες οἱ μύσται μετεῖχον τῶν μυστικῶν τελετῶν, ὅπως κτήσωνται γνῶσιν περὶ τοῦ κύκλου τῆς ζωῆς, τοῦ θανάτου καὶ τῆς πνευματικῆς ἀναγεννήσεως.

As autumn approaches, it brings to mind the Eleusinian Mysteries, a significant celebration dedicated to Demeter. Initiated members participated in secret rituals to gain insights into the cycle of life, death, and rebirth.



Οὐδὲν ὄλλο ἔχονσα ἐς Άιδον ἡ ψυχὴ ἔρχεται πλὴν τῆς παιδείας καὶ τροφῆς. Πλάτων

The soul enters Hades carrying nothing else except its education and upbringing. Plato



ΒΟΗΔΡΟΜΙΩΝ
/vo.i.ðro.mi'on/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Βοηδρόμιων» δι’ οὓς ἐτίμων τὸν Βοηδρόμιον Ἀπόλλωνα. / Boedromia, a festival during which they honoured Apollo Boedromios.

K	Δ	Τ	Τ	Π	Π	Σ
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31	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	1	2	3	4



Ημέρα Δημοκρατίας / Democracy Day

ΟΚΤΩΒΡΙΟΣ / OCTOBER

Πυανέψια Pyanepsia



Τὰ Πυανέψια (ιερὰ) ἦν σπουδαία ἑορτὴ τῶν Αθηναίων, ἦν ἀνέθηκε τῷ θεῷ Απόλλωνι ὁ Θάψας γάρ τὸν πατέρα αὐτοῦ, Αἰγέα, τῷ Απόλλωνι τὴν εὐχήν ἀπεδίδου τῇ ἐβδόμῃ τοῦ Πυανεψιῶνος ίσταμένον. Τότε δὲ ἐψησις παντοδαπῶν ὀσπρίων ἐγένετο διὰ τὸ σωθέντας αὐτοὺς εἰς ταύτῳ συμμεῖξαι τὰ περιόντα τῶν σιτίων, καὶ μίαν χύτραν κοινὴν ἐψήσαντας συνεστιαθῆναι καὶ συγκαταφαγεῖν ἀλλήλοις.

A unique festival founded by the legendary hero Theseus to honour the god Apollo. After burying his father, Aegeus, Theseus fulfilled his vow to Apollo on the seventh day of the month Pyanepsion. On this occasion, a stew of all kinds of pulses was prepared, symbolizing the Athenians' survival by mixing together the remnants of their provisions. They cooked everything in a single pot, shared a communal meal, and ate together in a spirit of unity.



Τάχιστον νοῦς· διὰ παντὸς γὰρ τρέχει. Θαλῆς ὁ Μιλήσιος

Intellect is the swiftest of things as it runs through everything. Thales of Miletus

ΠΥΑΝΕΨΙΩΝ /py.a.nep.si.'o:n/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Πυανέψια» δι’ ᾧς ἐτίμων τὴν Ἀρτεμίν καὶ τὸν Ἀπόλλωνα. / Pyanepsia, a festival in honour of Artemis and Apollo.

K	Δ	Τ	Τ	Π	Π	Σ
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
28	29	30	1	2	3	4
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12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	1

5

Ημέρα Διδασκάλων / Teachers' Day

28

Ημέρα τοῦ ΟΧΙ / "No" Day

ΝΟΕΜΒΡΙΟΣ / NOVEMBER

Λύκαια

Lykea



Τὰ Λύκαια (ιερὰ) ἦν παλαιόφατός τις καὶ μυστηριακὴ ἑορτὴ ἀνατιθεμένη τῷ Λυκαιῷ Διῷ, ἐν τῇ Ἀρκαδίᾳ ἀγομένη, εἰς τὸ ὅρος Λύκαιον. Ἐν ταύτῃ τῇ ἑορτῇ ἐγίγνοντο θυσίαι καὶ πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀνδρῶν τε καὶ παιδῶν, οἵτινες συνέδεον τοῖς ἀγωνιζομένοις μετὰ τῶν ἀδμήτων δυνάμεων τῆς φύσεως.

The Lykea festival, an ancient and mystic celebration, was held in honour of Zeus and, held in Arcadia on Mount Lykaios. It was renowned for its enigmatic rituals and vigorous athletic competitions, drawing a deep connection between the participants and the untamed aspects of nature.



*Λέων μὲν ὄνυξι κρατεῖ, κέρασι δὲ βοῦς, ἄνθρωπος δὲ νῷ.
Αναξαγόρας*

The lion prevails with its claws, the ox with its horns, and the humans with their minds. Anaxagoras



ΜΑΙΜΑΚΤΗΡΙΩΝ

/me.mak.ti.ri'on/

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Μαιμακτήρια» δι’ ἡς ἐτίμων τὸν Μαιμάκτην Διά. / Maimakteria, a festival in honour of Zeus Maimaktes.

K S	Δ M	Τ T	Τ W	Π Τ	Π F	Σ S
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2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	1	2	3	4	5	6

17 Επέτειος Έξέγερσης τοῦ Πολυτεχνείου / Athens Polytechnic Uprising Anniversary

21 Ημέρα Φιλοσοφίας / Philosophy Day

ΔΕΚΕΜΒΡΙΟΣ / DECEMBER

Είρεσιώνη

Eresione



Η είρεσιώνη, τη̄ ἀρχαίᾱ Ἑλλάδι σύμβολον ḥν εὐημερίας καῑ ἀφθονίας. Κλάδος ἔλαιαίς ḥν ἀνεστεμένος λευκῷ τε καῑ ἐρυθρῷ ἔριῳ, καῑ ἔμπλεως καρπῶν παντοδαπῶν. Οἱ παιδες φέροντες ἐν χερσὶ τὴν είρεσιώνην ἐπορεύοντο πρὸς τὰς οἰκίας καῑ ḥδον τὸ ἄσμα, ὅπερ ἐκαλεῖτο είρεσιώνη, εὐχόμενοι εὐτυχίαν καῑ εὐθηγίαν ἀγαθῶν τοῖς ἐν τῷ οἴκῳ καῑ λαμβάνοντες ὄψα καῑ ποικίλας ὀπώρας.

The Eresione, a symbol of prosperity and abundance in ancient Greece, was an olive branch adorned with red and white wool and a variety of autumn fruits. Children would carry the Eriesione from door to door, singing and bestowing wishes of prosperity and happiness upon each household, while they were offered food and various fruits in return.



Σοφοῦ πρὸς ἀνδρός, ὅστις ἐν βραχεῖ πολλοὺς καλῶς οἶς τε συντέμνειν λόγους. Εὐριπίδης

A wise person is someone who can express themselves precisely. Euripides



ΠΟΣΕΙΔΕΩΝ */po.si.ðe'on/*

Απὸ τῆς ἑορτῆς «Ποσείδεα» δι' ḥς ἐτίμων τὸν Ποσειδῶνα. / Poseidea, a festival in honour of Poseidon.

K	Δ	T	T	Π	Π	Σ
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
30	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31	1	2	3

25

Χριστούγεννα / Christmas Day

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A key pillar of our Corporate Social Responsibility strategy is the preservation and promotion of Ancient Greece's legacy and heritage, through a series of initiatives, including the launch of the first global certification in Classical Greek.

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